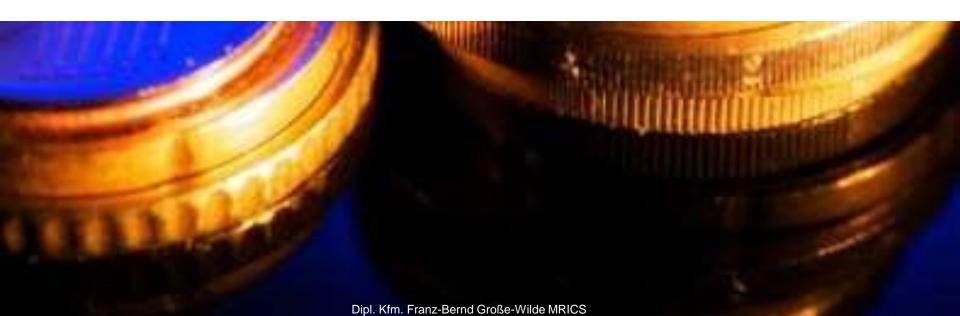


Combination of a Housing Cooperative with a Saving Institution for the Members





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Apart from using the housing unit, members and their family (i.S.§15 AO) have the possibility to invest their savings in a saving institution, which belongs to the housing cooperative (*Sparbau: Cooperative Share* = 1.278 € (*Obligatory saving for persons, who are just saving*= 150 €))

Basic Idea – The Saving Institution as a Financial Instrument

Change of the Financial Structure regarding the Investment of the Cooperative

 Saving Deposits as relevant Financial Ressources in order to add / to reemplace Capital from the Capital Market for New Construction, Modernization and Maintenance (Independence from the banks)

Basic Idea – "member value"

Added Value for Members:

- Visible expression of the basic cooperative idea of help for self help
- Loans of Members and their Family for "their" cooperative for the improvement of housing quality
 - Better Quality of Living through Investment
 - More favourable rent through the difference between interest for savings and the official market interest rate for credits
 - Profitable interest rate on savings (generally interest rate in advance)

Basic Idea – The Saving Institution to keep Members as Clients

- Set of criteria for a better Profile
 (high dregree of professional management)
- Increase of the Degree of Popularity through the Enlargement of the Circle of Clients
- Permanent Contact to Members through them as Saving Clients
- With a good leadership of the Cooperative an additional Degree of Confidence can be achieved (Professionality, Service - orientation)

Basic Idea – A Saving Institution to keep Members as Clients

- Business Processes are agreed upon in a democratic way:
 Housing Management, Administration of Members,
 Saving Institution
- Management Culture of the Saving Institution is reflected in the area of Housing Management
- Attractive Field of Activity for Members, who are service-orientated
 (Trainees receive a "small" training on bank affairs); intensive Measures of Personell
 Development
- Service Orientation: Design of Rooms for Clients,
 Opening Hours, special Events (World Saving Day a.o.)

How it works





Savers

Saving Deposits /

long-term Saving

Contracts

Expenditure of the Cooperative

Saving Interest

Costs for Personell

Other Administration Costs

Use of Saving Volume in the Coooperative

Money Investment (Forward-, Fixed Period,..)

Investment in Maintenance

Income for Cooperative

Profit for Interest through Investment

Opportunity (Profits from Credit Substitutes)

Reference of Interest Rate is the average of

housing loans with 10 years fixed interest rate

Difference = Rentability of the Saving Institution

^{*} Standardized Calculation Model (GdW) = Savings are regarded as credit substitutes and do not serve as liability for liquidity

Number and Stock of Deposits in Germany

- 46 Housing Cooperatives with a Saving Institution of their own in 2009
- Pooling of Interests and Informatiuon via GdW Bundesverband deutscher Wohnungs- und Immobilienunternehmen
 e.V. Berlin in a Federal Working Group
- Saving Deposits and long-term saving contracts in the end of the year: 1.597.877.491,57 € + 85.639.495,82 € = 1.683.516.987,39 € (31.12.2008)
 1.534.807.119,90 € + 77.662.685,12 € = 1.612.469.805,02 € (31.12.2007)
 This is an increase of + 4,39 % (Vj. + 2,71 %)
- The average amout of savings per member: 5.031,96 € (Vj. 4.918,34 €)





Year of Foundation 1893

Housing Units 11.415

Members 17.075

Staff 86

Trainees 8

Volume of Savings 80,8

Maintenance and Housing

Management 27,7

Vacant housing units

0,3 %

Housing Cooperatives with a Saving Institution – Credit institutes in the sense of § 1 KWG (although no credits are granted))







- Permission for the Business of a Saving Institution through Banking Finance Law BaFin (§ 32 ff. KWG)
- Qualifikation of Executive Director / Board of Directors: All (in former times a majority) Members of the Board have to prove through certificates (according to § 33 Abs. 1 Nr. 3, Abs. 2 KWG)
 -their knowledge of banking theory
 -their knowledge of banking practice
 - ...experience of leadership in management (checked by BaFin)





- Cataloque of obligatory notice to BaFin (Information about big credits, yearly balance, specific saving criteria for data...)
- Monthly Liquidity Notice to BaFin (Specific Minimum Data of Liquidity structured by duration of contract)
- Permanent Supervision according to KWG, e.g. yearly supervision talks
- Adequate own Capital of the Cooperative for Liabilities





- Risk Management to be focussed: Handbook MaRisk,
 Structure of the internal Revision, "Washing of Money",
 Order of Savings
- Seperated Report in the Framework of the yearly auditing process to GdW: Data collection, Valuation and supraenterpreneurial comparision of business figures
- Regular meetings of specific GdW Comittees
- Design of Rooms for Clients: Security requirements (e.g, Cameras, Tresory...), Service requirements (Consultation Areas, Cash Area..)





Example Handbook MaRisk: Contents

- Principles and Requirements for the structure of the Risk
 Management, e.g. Organisation of Management and Processing
 (Seperation of Functions,..), Risk Steering/-controlling processes
- Special Requirements to the internal control system and the way of the internal revision (z.B. Categorisation of risks (Loss of Adresses-, risks of the Market price-, risks of liquidity and operational risks)



- Professional-, social- and service-orientated Competence of staff
- Special Requirements for the Reliability and Confidence of staff (check of reliability)
- Banking + Real Estate experts



Security Management





- Substantial Strength of the Coop (Value consistency of Real Estate)
- Solid Business Management (No Speculation Business in the Field of Investment of liquid Funds)
- Activ- and Passiv: Portfoliomanagement; Capital costmanagement
- Reports in a complete form (s.a.)
- Membership in a Self-Help Fund for the Securing of Saving Deposits of Housing Cooperatives (founded by GdW)

Challenges

Continuous Optimation / Transparence / Marketing

.....the main reasons for using the model

- advantage of interest rate
- Security of Money Investment
- Sensible Use of the Funds
- Personel Service / Easy access
- Quality of Consultation



Challenges

Securing the Economy of the Saving Institution



through the orientation of big banks on the middle class and private clients

(New clients have to be found with excellent starting conditions)



